## Translation





## **PCT** 10/533015

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's £1							
Applicant's or agent's file reference SEN-A0203P	FOR FURTHER	ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No.			COCTOMITETAL EAGLED				
PCT/JP2003/013768		date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)				
		003 (28.10.2003)	28 October 2002 (28.10.2002)				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC G01N 27/447, B01D 57/02							
Applicant	VATANANIA	CI DIGOTOTO					
	KATATANA	AGI INSTITUTE					
<ol> <li>This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>							
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
3. This report is also accompanied by A							
a (sent to the applicant and	to the International I	Sureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:				
sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).							
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.							
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))  readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).							
4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
Box No. I Basis of the rep	ort						
Box No. II Priority							
Box No. III Non-establishm	ent of opinion with r	egard to novelty, inventis	/e sten and industrial analisability				
Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability  Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention							
Box No. V  Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
Box No. VI Certain docume	Summerous subportities	such statement					
Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application							
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of t	this renew				
21 April 2004 (21.04.20	04)		ember 2004 (03.09.2004)				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/JP		Authorized officer	(03.03.2004)				
Facsimile No.		Telephone No	1				

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

national application No.
PCT/JP2003/013768

Box No	). I	Basis of the report	
1. With othe	regard rwise in	if to the language, this report is based on the international application in the languaged under this item.	guage in which it was filed, unless
	This which	report is based on translations from the original language into the following the is language of a translation furnished for the purpose of:	g language,
		international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))	
		publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)	
		international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)	
		•	
	are not	d to the elements of the international application, this report is based on the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred annexed to this report):  annexed to this report):	replacement sheets which have been d to in this report as "originally filed"
		escription:	
	pages	_	
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	pages	*	, as originally filed/furnished
	pages'	, as amended (toge	ther with any statement) under Article 19
	pages	received by this Authority on	
$\Box$	the dr	awings:	
Ш	pages	uwings.	
	pages'	received by this Authority on	, as originally filed/furnished
	pages*	received by this Authority on	
$\Box$			
Ш	a scyu	ence listing and/or any related table(s) – see Supplemental Box Relating to Seq	uence Listing.
3. 🔲	The an	nendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
С			
		the description, pages	
	=	the claims, Nos.	
		the drawings, sheets/figs	
	H	the sequence listing (specify):	
	LJ	any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):	
	(Rule 7	eport has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this repsince they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as in (0.2(c)).  The description, pages	port and listed below had not been adicated in the Supplemental Box
		ies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."	

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

. Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	4, 5, 9	YES
	Claims	1-3, 6-8, 10	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES
	Claims	1-10	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-10	YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

Document 1: JP 2-151758 A (Bio Rad Laboratories, Inc.),

11 June 1990, & US 4874490 A & EP 366897 A

Document 2: JP 61-288148 A (Shimadzu Corp.), 18 December

1986

Document 3: WO 00/52458 A (Isao KURUBE), 08 September

2000, & EP 1162454 A

Document 1 (page 4, lower left column, line 20 to lower right column, line 19 and page 5, lower right column, line 15 to page 7, upper left column, line 2, and fig. 2-4, etc.) discloses an electrophoretic separation method and an electrophoretic separation device for controlling the movement of a fluid substance and/or a substance that is contained within a fluid substance from a first gel into a second gel, characterized in that said method and device comprise: a step (a), wherein a fluid substance to be controlled and/or a fluid substance that contains a substance to be controlled is/are introduced into the first gel, and said fluid substance and/or said substance that is contained within a fluid substance is/are held within the first gel (therein, the first gel and the second gel are connected via a interstitial space, and an electrically insulated layer of a gas or the like which prevents the movement of the aforementioned fluid

substance and/or the aforementioned substance that is contained within a fluid substance into the interstitial space is disposed within the interstitial space); a step (b), wherein an interstitial gel which allows the movement of the aforementioned fluid substance and/or the aforementioned substance that is contained within a fluid substance into the interstitial space is introduced into the interstitial space so as to replace the electrically insulated layer that was disposed within the interstitial space; and a step (c), wherein the fluid substance and/or the substance that is contained within a fluid substance is/are moved from the first gel into the second gel via the interstitial space.

Document 2 (page 1, lower right column, line 12 to page 3, upper left column, line 7 and fig. 1-3, etc.) discloses an electrophoretic separation method and an electrophoretic separation device for controlling the movement of a fluid substance and/or a substance that is contained within a fluid substance from an electrophoretic gel of a first dimension into an electrophoretic gel of a second dimension, characterized in that said method and device comprise: a step (a), wherein a fluid substance to be controlled and/or a fluid substance that contains a substance to be controlled is/are introduced into the electrophoretic gel of a first dimension, and said fluid substance and/or said substance that is contained within a fluid substance is/are held within the electrophoretic gel of a first dimension (therein, the electrophoretic gel of a first dimension and the electrophoretic gel of a second dimension are connected via a interstitial space, and an insulating zone which prevents the movement of the aforementioned fluid substance and/or the aforementioned substance that is contained within a fluid substance into the interstitial space is disposed within the interstitial space); a step (b), wherein an conductive zone which

allows the movement of the aforementioned fluid substance and/or the aforementioned substance that is contained within a fluid substance into the interstitial space is introduced into the interstitial space so as to replace the insulating zone that was disposed within the interstitial space; and a step (c), wherein the fluid substance and/or the substance that is contained within a fluid substance is/are moved from the electrophoretic gel of a first dimension into the electrophoretic gel of a second dimension via the interstitial space.

In addition, it would be obvious to conduct a step for separating by means of electrophoresis, a reaction step for staining or the like and a step for detecting the separated substances when conducting two-dimensional electrophoresis.

Consequently, the inventions that are set forth in claims 1 to 3, 6 to 8 and 10 lack novelty.

Document 3 (page 10, line 10 to page 11, line 4 and fig. 1, etc.) discloses an electrophoretic analysis method and an electrophoretic analysis device, wherein the spaces where the separation medium of a first dimension is stored and the spaces where the separation medium of a second dimension is stored are grooves and the spaces where the separation medium of a second dimension medium of a second dimension is stored diverge more than the spaces where the separation medium of a first dimension is stored. Documents 1 to 3 all disclose technology that pertains to two-dimensional electrophoresis; therefore, a person skilled in the art could choose to apply the feature wherein the spaces for the separation media and the like are grooves, as disclosed in document 3, in the inventions that are disclosed in documents 1 and 2, as appropriate.

Consequently, the inventions that are set forth in claims 1 to 10 do not involve an inventive step.